

## Matokeo Ya Mtihani Darasa 7 2013

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### WOODARD TALIYAH

Kivumbi uwanjani Reichert Verlag

Pat Caplan is a social anthropologist who began doing research on Mafia Island for her Ph.D. in the 1960s when Mikidadi and his relatives made her part of their family . She has continued to revisit the island periodically since then and has published several books and written many articles based on her research. Her books include 'African Voices, African Lives' and she has also made a film about Kanga village: Life on Mafia Island ([www.youtube.com](http://www.youtube.com)) with a Swahili version 'Maisha ya Watu Kisiwani Mafia'. In addition, she maintains a web site about Mafia:[www.mafia-island-tanzania.gold.ac.uk](http://www.mafia-island-tanzania.gold.ac.uk) which includes a historical photo gallery. Pat Caplan is retired from full-time teaching, but still gives lectures and conference papers, carries out research and publishes. She also enjoys her five grandchildren. The book: The idea for this book has grown out of an engagement with Mafia Island, Tanzania over the last forty-five years, during which time I have made seven research trips there, and published numerous articles and books. Some people on the island have become close friends, indeed quasi-kin, and I have been closely involved in their lives. One such person, whom I knew when he was an adolescent back in 1965, was Mikidadi Kichange, who treated me as his older sister for all the years of our friendship, until his untimely death in 2002. Apart from our meetings when I was in Tanzania, he shared through regular letters his education, training in forestry, national service, marriage and the birth of two daughters, the care of many children of relatives, his employment and his founding of an NGO for the betterment of the island. Although Mikidadi never managed to return to full-time education as he had wished, he read widely in Swahili, English and Arabic. By the time of our last meeting in the summer of 2002, when we worked together for several months on Mafia, he had become a colleague and interlocutor, as well as a younger brother and friend. Since his unexpected death in the autumn of 2002 at the age of 49 I have considered how he might be remembered by the writing of a book about his life which would also illustrate the profound changes which have taken place on Mafia Island, and in Tanzania more widely since independence. I would call this work biographical history, as well as historical biography in which the lives of ordinary people reveal their struggles, constraints, and, as in this case, an extraordinary ability to overcome their circumstances.

Kufa kuzikana Lulu.com

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notices of new legislation, notices required to be published by law or policy as well as other announcements that are published for general public information. It is published every week, usually on Friday, with occasional releases of special or supplementary editions within the week.

**Kenya Gazette** African Books Collective

Bibliography on women in Tanzania.

**Kiswahili in the 21st century** Evarist Chahali

The official records of the proceedings of the Legislative Council of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, the House of Representatives of the Government of Kenya and the National Assembly of the Republic of Kenya.

**Penzi hali shagui pato** African Books Collective

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**Darasa za Kiswahili** East African Publishers

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Kenya Gazette

Parliamentary debates of the National Assembly of Tanzania.

**Nyota Afrika**

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**Toleo La Kwanza La Mkusanyiko Wa Makala Za Evarist Chahali Zilizovuma Magazetini**

Novel in Swahili.

**Kenya Gazette**

English Summary: This reader compiles press releases and articles from the mass media mostly from Tanzania where Swahili is official language. Short units communicate the actual use of the language and provide an insight into political, economical and cultural everyday life. German

Description: Swahili ist die wichtigste Verkehrssprache Ostafrikas und wird auch im deutschen Sprachraum an zahlreichen Universitäten und Volkshochschulen unterrichtet. Doch geeignetes Lehrmaterial gibt es kaum. Das vorliegende Lesebuch stellt ausgewählte Texte aus der Tagespresse Tansanias vor. Diese bilden kurze, abgeschlossene Einheiten, die Einblicke in das politische, wirtschaftliche, gesellschaftliche und kulturelle Leben des Landes vermitteln. Alle Texte werden sprachlich und sachlich kommentiert, sie eignen sich daher gut zur Wiederholung der Grammatik. Ergänzend enthält der Anhang ein Worterverzeichnis. Auf diese Weise vertieft und festigt der Leser seine Sprachkenntnisse.

#### **UHURU ULIVYOPORWA**

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*Kenya Gazette*

A novel.

#### Kiswahili

Kitabu hiki ni kimoja katika mfululizo wa vitabu kadhaa ninavyotarajia kuvichapisha ambavyo ni mkusanyiko wa makala zangu katika magazeti mbali niliyowahi kuandikia au ninayoendelea kuandikia makala. Awali nilikuwa mwandishi wa makala katika gazeti la kila wiki la 'Kulikoni,' ambapo safu yangu ndiyo iliyoza jina la blogu yangu, yaani 'Kulikoni Ughaibuni.' Baadaye, nikaanza kuandika makala katika gazeti la 'Mtanzania,' na safu yangu iliitwa 'Mtanzania Ughaibuni.'

Hatimaye, lilipoanzishwa gazeti la kila wiki la 'Raia Mwema,' nilijifunga nalo tangu mwanzoni, na safu yangu katika gazeti hilo linaloongoza nchini Tanzania yajulikana kama 'Raia Mwema Ughaibuni.' Kama ambavyo nimeshaandika mara kadhaa, mimi si mwandishi kitaaluma. Hata hivyo nimekuwa nikijihusisha na uandishi tangu mwaka 2008. Nilianza kuandika katika 'gazeti la udaku' la 'Sanifu,' kabla ya kuandika gazeti jingine la 'udaku' la 'Kasheshe' na baadaye gazeti jingine la 'udaku' la 'Komesha.' Katika magazeti yote hayo, nilikuwa naandika 'unajimu wa utani,' nikitumia jina la 'Ustaadh Bonge.' Jina hilo limeendelea kunikaa hadi leo kwa baadhi ya marafiki zangu. Makala hizi zinahusu takriban kila mada, japo nyingi zazungumzia kuhusu siasa. Kimsingi, jina la 'Kulikoni Ughaibuni' lilitokana na swali nililokuwa ninajiuliza mara kwa mara baada ya kuja hapa Uingereza mara ya kwanza takriban miaka 14 iliyopita. Na swali hilo ni 'kulikoni ugaibuni kuko hivi lakini kwetu kuko vile?' Kwamba kwanini, kwa mfano, mara nyingi kwa hapa ukienda benki sio tu unaambiwa wewe mteja ni mfalme/malkia lakini pia huduma unayopewa yakufanya ujiskie hivyo bila hata kuambiwa. Hali ni tofauti sana huko nyumbani ambapo huduma nyingi hutolewa kama fadhila (privilege) badala ya haki/stahili kwa mteja. Kingine kilichonisumbua sana katika kulinganisha niliyoshuhudia hapa na huko nyumbani ni suala la imani. Idadi kubwa ya wakazi wa hapa ni waumini wa dini yoyote. Na japo Uingereza ni taifa la Kikristo, idadi ya wasioenda kanisani wala

kujitambulisha kama Wakristo ni kubwa kuliko wanaokwenda makanisani na kujitambulisha kama Wakristo. Kuna idadi kubwa tu ya makanisa yaliyogeuzwa kuwa kumbi za starehe, hususan kutokana na ukosefu wa wahudhuriaji. Hata hivyo, licha ya 'imani yao haba,' uadilifu upo juu kwa kiasi kikubwa. Watu wengi hawaishi kwa kutegemea rushwa au 'dili' bali kujipatia kipato halali kwa njia halali. Huko nyumbani, dini ni sehemu muhimu ya maisha yetu lakini cha kusikitisha kuwa pamoja na ushika-dini huo, maovu ni mengi mno ukilinganisha na hawa wenzetu ambao dini sio kitu cha muhimu sana kwao. Uandishi wa makala zangu upo katika mfumo wa maongezi. Ninapoandika makala zangu hujiona kama ninafanya maongezi na wasomaji wangu. Na kimsingi, binafsi ninajitambulisha kama 'mfanya maongezi' (conversationalist). Japo kiwango changu cha elimu si haba, mara zote makala zangu zimekuwa zikimlenga mtu wa kawaida, awe profesa wa chuo kikuu au mtu aliyeishia darasa la saba, Mkurugenzi wa taasisi flani au 'mama ntilie,' mtu mzima au kijana...yaani ni kwa ajili ya watu wa kaliba zote. Ni matumaini yangu kuwa makala hizi zitatimiza lengo langu kuu la uandishi, yaani kuhabarisha, kuelimisha, na kuburudisha. Mapungufu yoyote yaliyomo katika kitabu hiki ni yangu mwenyewe.

#### Wanawake wa Tanzania

Alipoamua kwenda Kigoma, Joram Kiango alitarajia kupumzika, akiburudishwa na mandhari murua ya Ziwa Tanganyika lakini haikuwa hivyo. Likizo yake ilibadilika ghafla huku maisha yake yakiingia katika utata mkubwa. Katika jitihada za kutatua utata huo, Joram Kiango anakabiliana uso kwa uso na mjumbe wa mauti, mwenye kiu kali cha damu na anayesheni silaha zote. Mjumbe ambaye yuko tayari kwa lolote; tayari kufa, tayari kuua...

#### *Dimbwi la Damu*

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#### *Official Report*

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#### **Kenya Gazette**

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#### **Chemchemi ya marudio**

*Hangaiko*

Kenya National Assembly Official Record (Hansard)